

# Coundon Primary School

Year 3

Maths Home Learning Pack

Week Commencing 15.06.20

\*Although we have uploaded the relevant worksheets, there is no  
need to print them. our child can work directly from the screen.

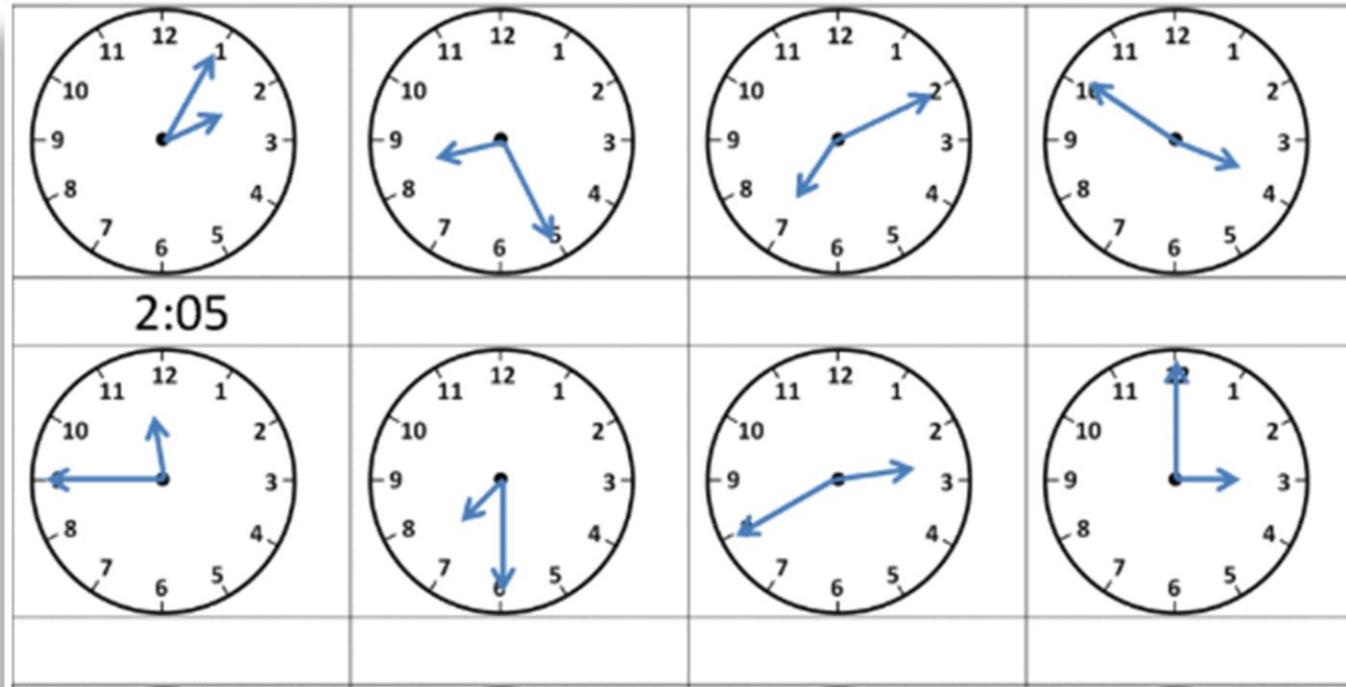
# Lesson 1

## Key Skills:

I understand full, half turn and quarter turns.  
I know what North, South, East and West are.

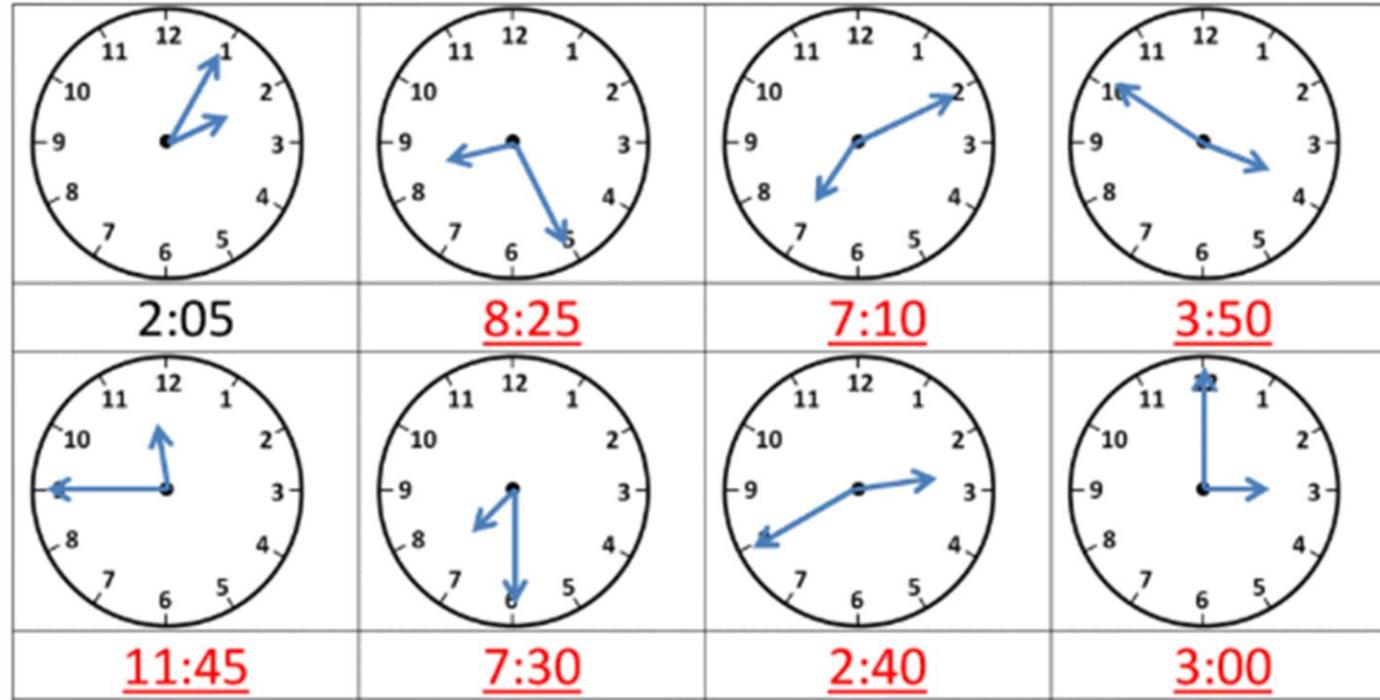
## Warm-up

What time do the clocks show. Write the answers in your book.



# Warm-up

## Answers

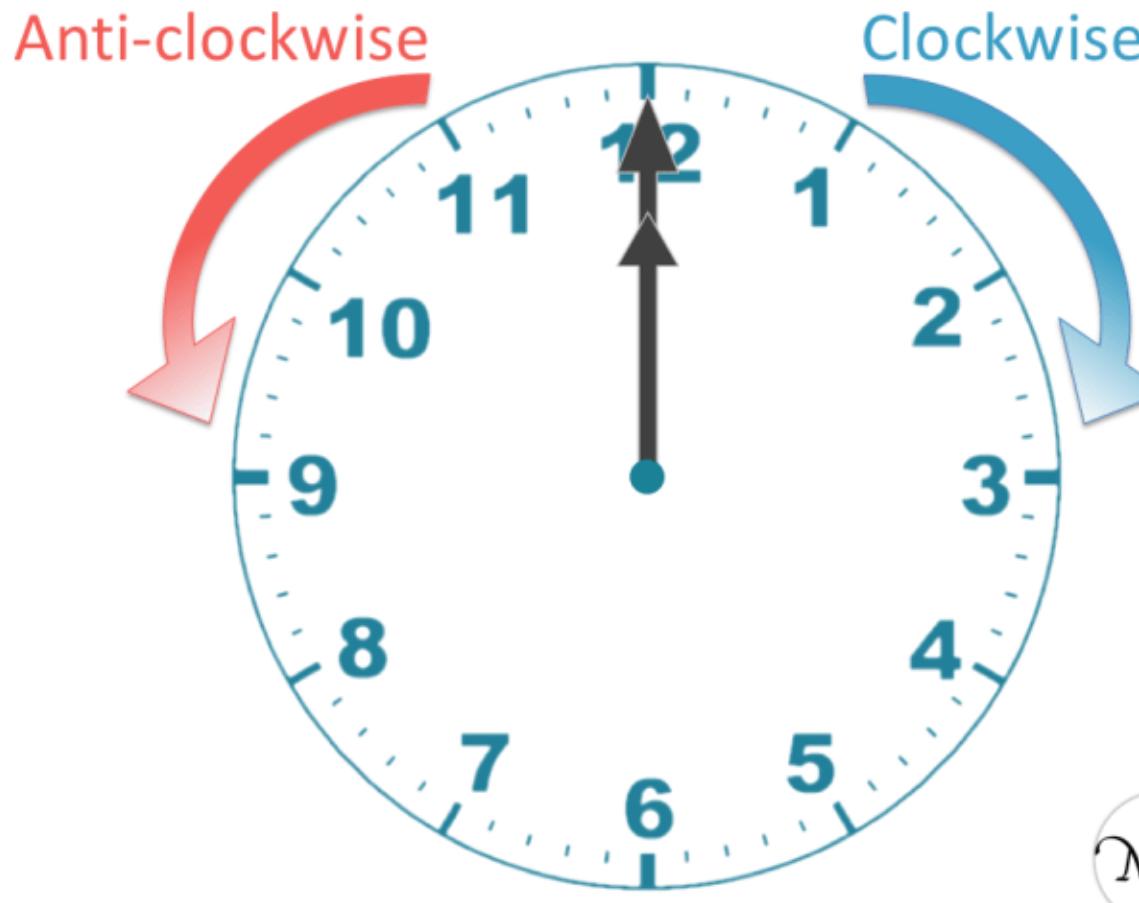


How did you do?

Key Skills:

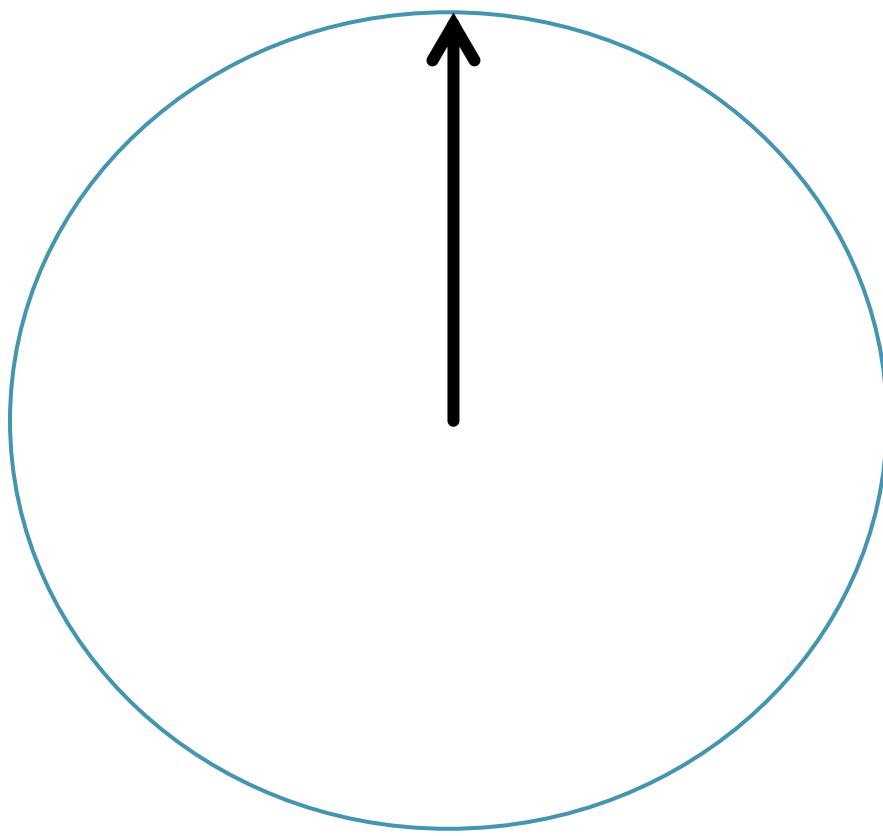
You can make **clockwise** or **anti-clockwise** turns.

I understand full, half turn and quarter turns.  
I know what North, South, East and West are.

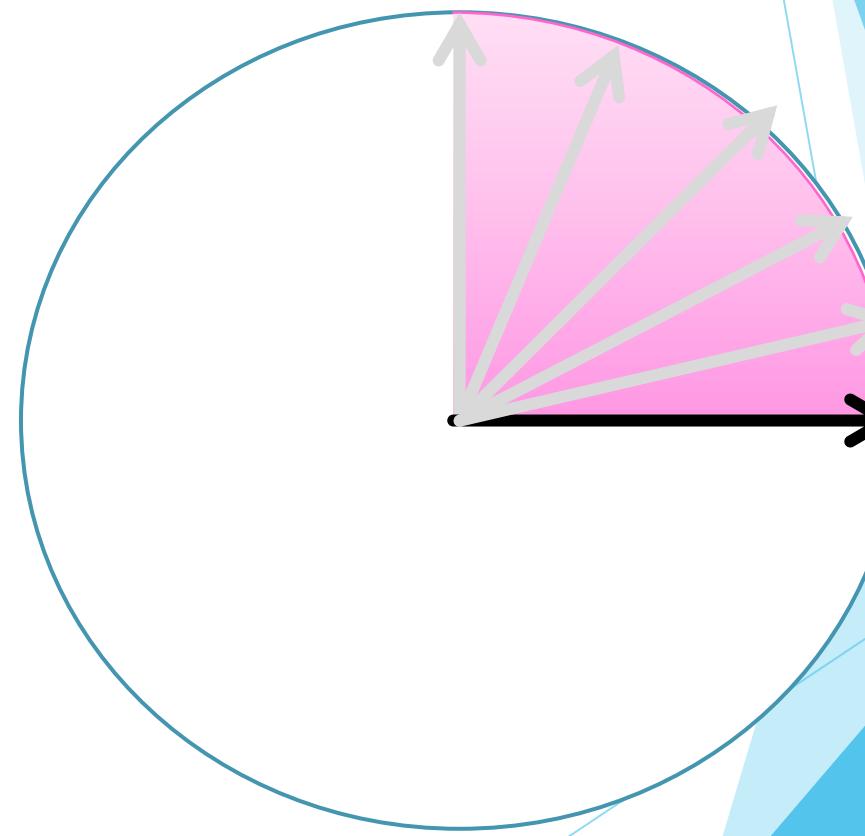


# Learning

This is a quarter turn. A quarter of the circle has been shaded. The arrow has turned **clockwise**.



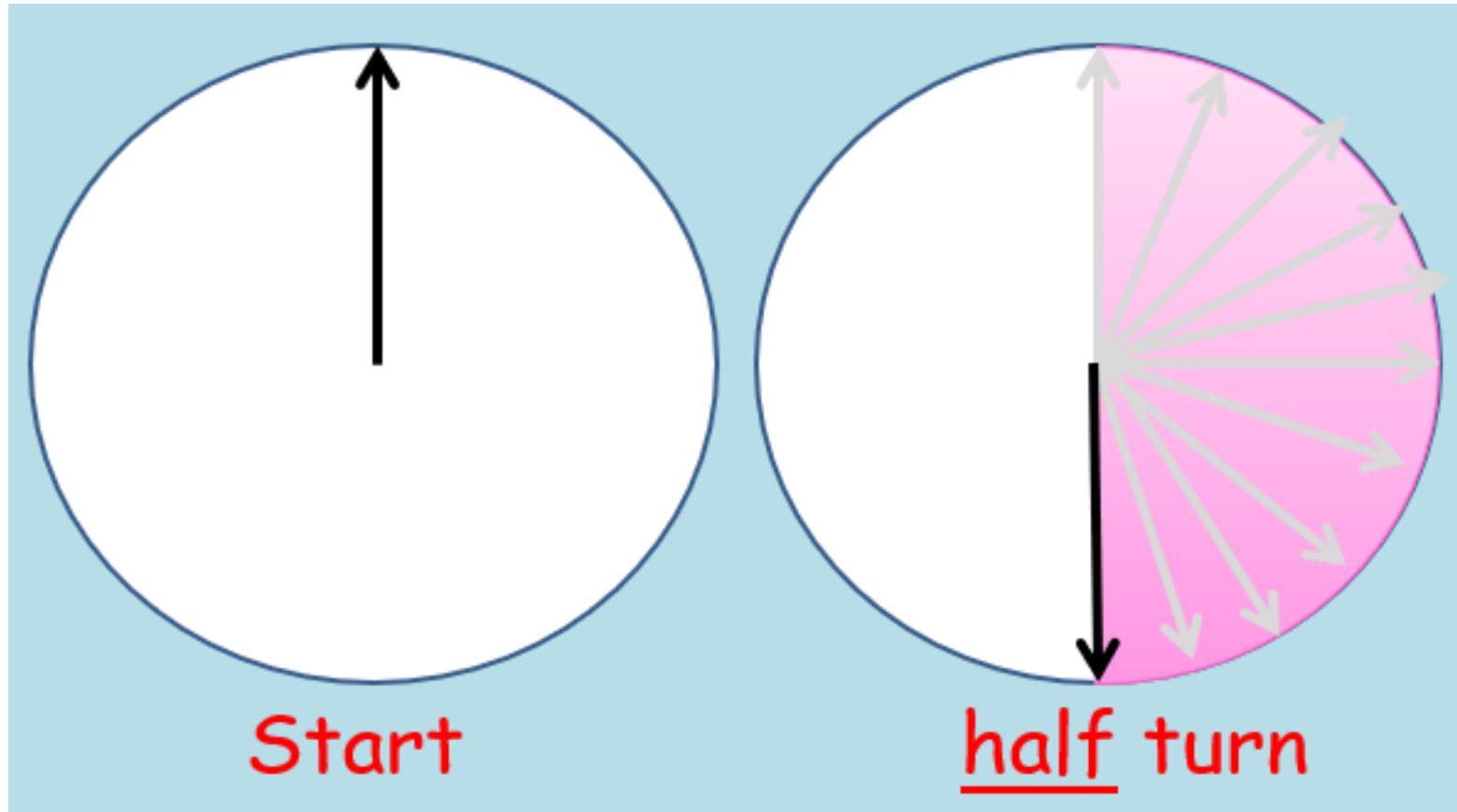
Start



Finish

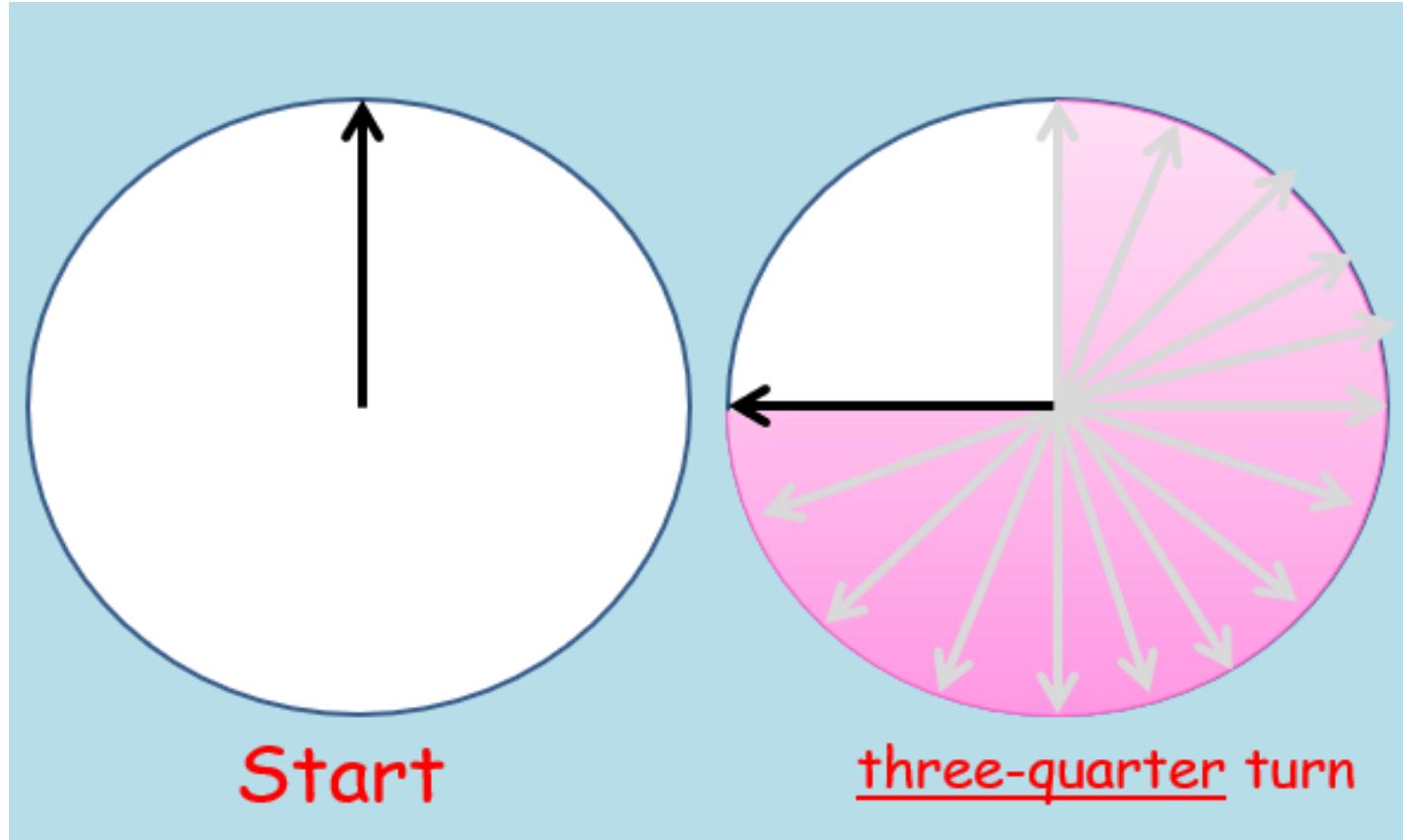
# Learning

This is a half turn. Half of the circle has been shaded. The arrow has turned **clockwise**.



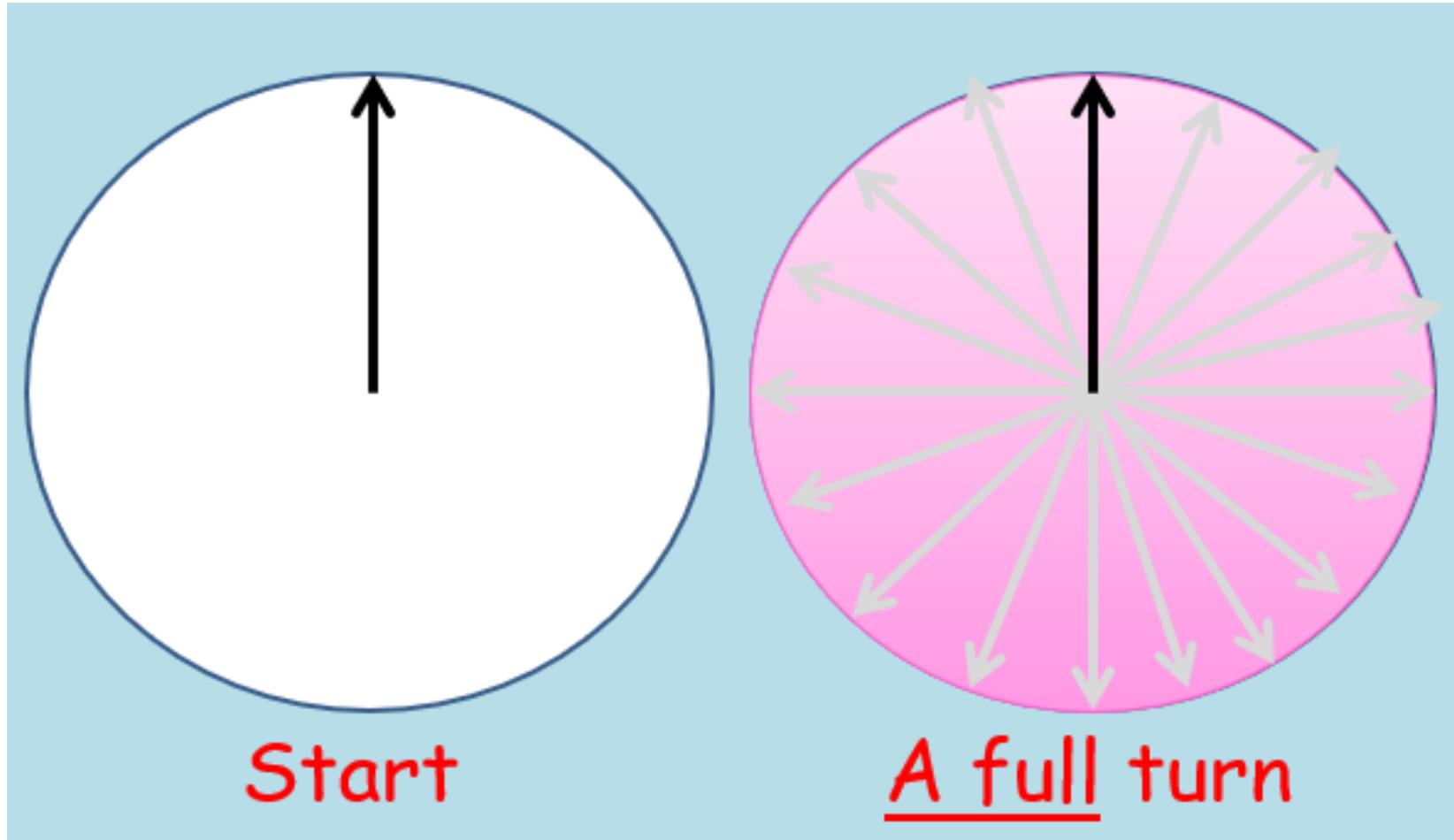
# Learning

This is a three-quarter. Three-quarters of the circle has been shaded. The arrow has turned **clockwise**.



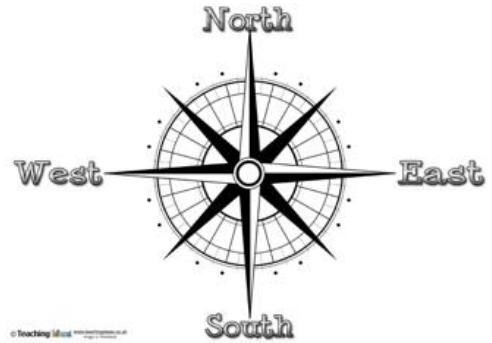
# Learning

This is a full turn. Four-quarters of the circle has been shaded. The arrow has turned **clockwise**.



# Learning

## Compass Points



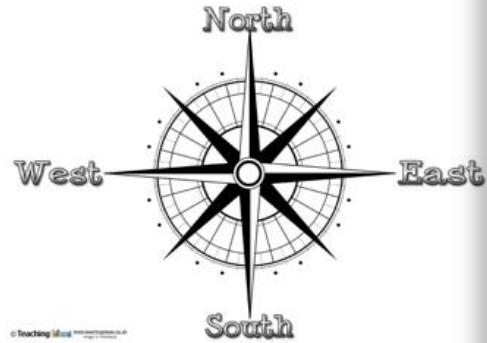
Start at east.  
Turn three quarters clockwise.  
Which direction are you now facing?



# Learning

## Answer

### Compass Points



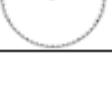
© Teaching Mats www.teachingmats.co.uk

Start at east.  
Turn three quarters clockwise.  
Which direction are you now facing?



# Lesson 1

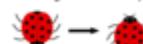
Follow the instructions and rotate these arrows. Draw their final position in your books.

Turn the arrow $\frac{1}{4}$ turn <u>clockwise</u> .		
Turn the arrow $\frac{1}{2}$ turn <u>clockwise</u> .		
Turn the arrow $\frac{3}{4}$ turn <u>clockwise</u> .		
Turn the arrow a full turn <u>clockwise</u> .		
Turn the arrow $\frac{1}{4}$ turn <u>anti-clockwise</u> .		
Turn the arrow $\frac{1}{2}$ turn <u>anti-clockwise</u> .		

Follow the instructions and rotate these arrows. Draw their final position in your books.

Turn the arrow $\frac{1}{4}$ turn <u>clockwise</u> .		
Turn the arrow $\frac{1}{4}$ turn <u>anti-clockwise</u> .		
Turn the arrow $\frac{1}{2}$ turn <u>clockwise</u> .		
Turn the arrow a full turn <u>anti-clockwise</u> .		
Turn the arrow $\frac{3}{4}$ turn <u>clockwise</u> .		
Turn the arrow $\frac{3}{4}$ turn <u>anti-clockwise</u> .		

This bug has rotated.



Anne says, 'The bug has made  $\frac{1}{4}$  turn clockwise.'

Ben says, 'The bug has made  $\frac{1}{2}$  turn anti-clockwise.'

Who is right? \_\_\_\_\_

Why?

1

For worksheets see file named:  
**Lesson 1 worksheets.**

You can choose clouds, moons or stars.

Please see  
**'Lesson 1 Answer Sheet'** for the answers.

# Lesson 2

## Warm-up

### Adding and Subtracting Mentally

Subtract these numbers in your head.

1.  $109 - 100 =$
2.  $299 - 200 =$
3.  $407 - 300 =$
4.  $515 - 400 =$
5.  $665 - 200 =$
6.  $788 - 600 =$
7.  $883 - 500 =$
8.  $910 - 800 =$
9.  $991 - 200 =$

Think carefully about which columns will stay the same and which one will change.

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## Adding and Subtracting Mentally

Subtract these numbers in your head.

1.  $109 - 100 =$  9

6.  $788 - 600 =$  188

2.  $299 - 200 =$  99

7.  $883 - 500 =$  383

3.  $407 - 300 =$  107

8.  $910 - 800 =$  110

4.  $515 - 400 =$  115

9.  $991 - 200 =$  791

5.  $665 - 200 =$  465

# Learning

Key Skills:

I recognise an angle is a description of a turn.

An angle is created when two straight lines meet at a point.



Not an angle



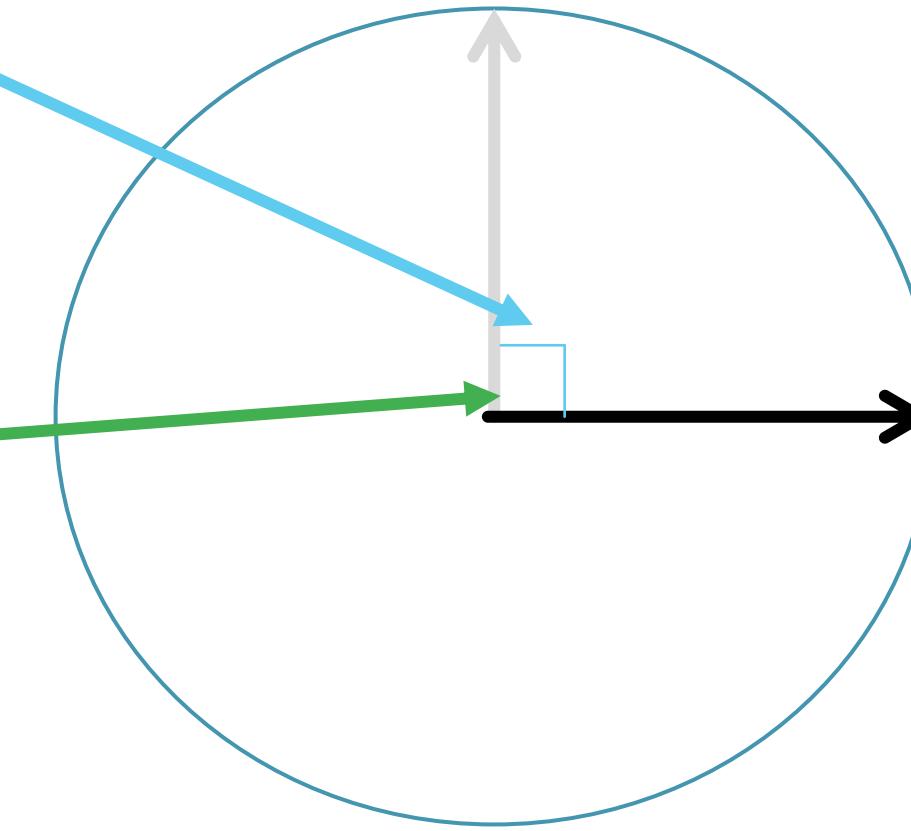
Angle

You measure these angles in degrees ( $^{\circ}$ ).

# Learning

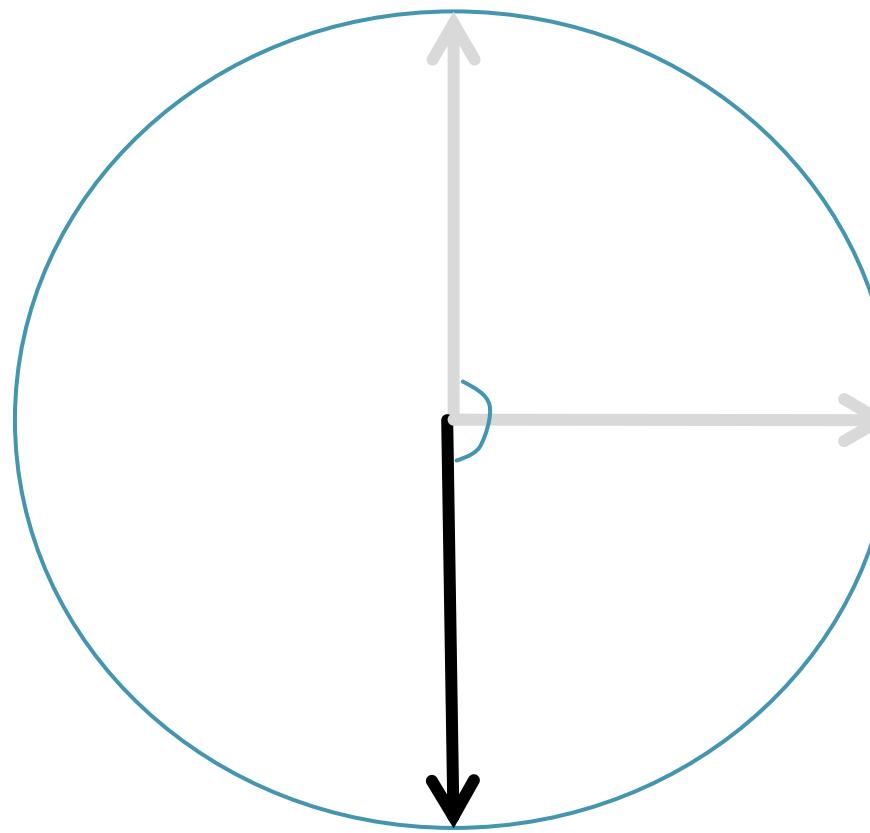
The two lines that form a quarter turn, create a **right angle**. This is  $90^\circ$ .

This symbolises a right angle.



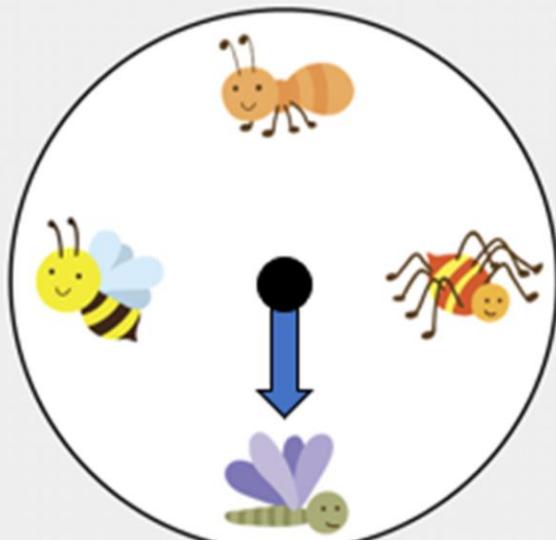
# Learning

The two lines that form a half turn,  
create **two right angles**. This is  $180^\circ$ .



# Learning

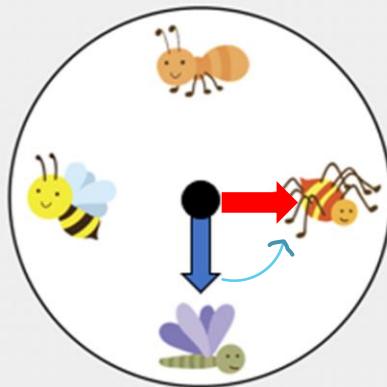
**What turn does the spinner need to make to get from the dragonfly to the spider?**



# Learning

## Answers

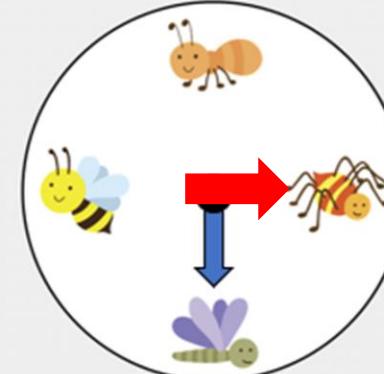
What turn does the spinner need to make to get from the dragonfly to the spider?



A quarter turn anti-clockwise.

There are two different answers.

What turn does the spinner need to make to get from the dragonfly to the spider?



A three-quarter turn clockwise.

# Learning

If the hour hand is turned a  $\frac{1}{4}$  turn, what time will it be?



# Learning

Answer

There are two different answers.

If the hour hand is turned a  $\frac{1}{4}$  turn, what time will it be?



# Lesson 2

Write the answers in your book.

1a. Start at north. Turn a quarter turn clockwise. Which direction are you now facing?



2a. What turn does the spinner need to make to get from the caterpillar to the butterfly?



3a. If the hour hand is turned a quarter turn, what time will it be?



4a and 4b. Draw and complete the following in your books. One has been completed for you.

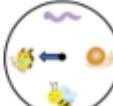
Angle	Not an Angle



1b. Start at north. Turn a quarter turn anti-clockwise. Which direction are you now facing?



2b. What turn does the spinner need to make to get from the butterfly to the snail?



3b. If the hour hand is turned a quarter turn, what time will it be?



Write your answers in your book.

5a. Start at north. Turn three quarters clockwise. Which direction are you now facing?



6a. What turn does the spinner need to make to get from the spider to the dragonfly?



7a. If the hour hand is turned a  $\frac{3}{4}$  turn, what time will it be?



8a. Sort the images into the table.

You can draw this table in your book.

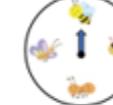
All lines make angles	Not all lines make angles



5b. Start at south. Turn three quarters anti-clockwise. Which direction are you now facing?



6b. What turn does the spinner need to make to get from the bee to the butterfly?



7b. If the hour hand is turned a  $\frac{3}{4}$  turn, what time will it be?



8b. Sort the images into the table.

You can draw this table in your book.

All lines make angles	Not all lines make angles



For worksheets see file named:  
**Lesson 2 worksheets.**

You can choose clouds, moons or stars.

Write the answers in your book.

9a. Start at north. Turn a quarter turn turn clockwise then a half turn anti-clockwise. Which direction are you now facing?



10a. What two different turns could the spinner make to get from the dragonfly to the caterpillar?



11a. If the hour hand is turned a  $\frac{1}{4}$  turn, what time will it be?



12a. Sort the images into the table.

All lines make angles	Not all lines make angles



9b. Start at north. Turn three quarters clockwise then a half turn anti-clockwise. Which direction are you now facing?



10b. What two different turns could the spinner make to get from the ladybird to the butterfly?



11b. If the hour hand is turned a  $\frac{1}{4}$  turn, what time will it be?



12b. Sort the images into the table.

All lines make angles	Not all lines make angles



Please see  
'Lesson 2 Answer  
Sheet' for the  
answers.

# Lesson 3

## Warm-up

**Recognise the Place Value  
of Each Digit in a Three-Digit Number**

Write down the value of the **red** digit within each number.

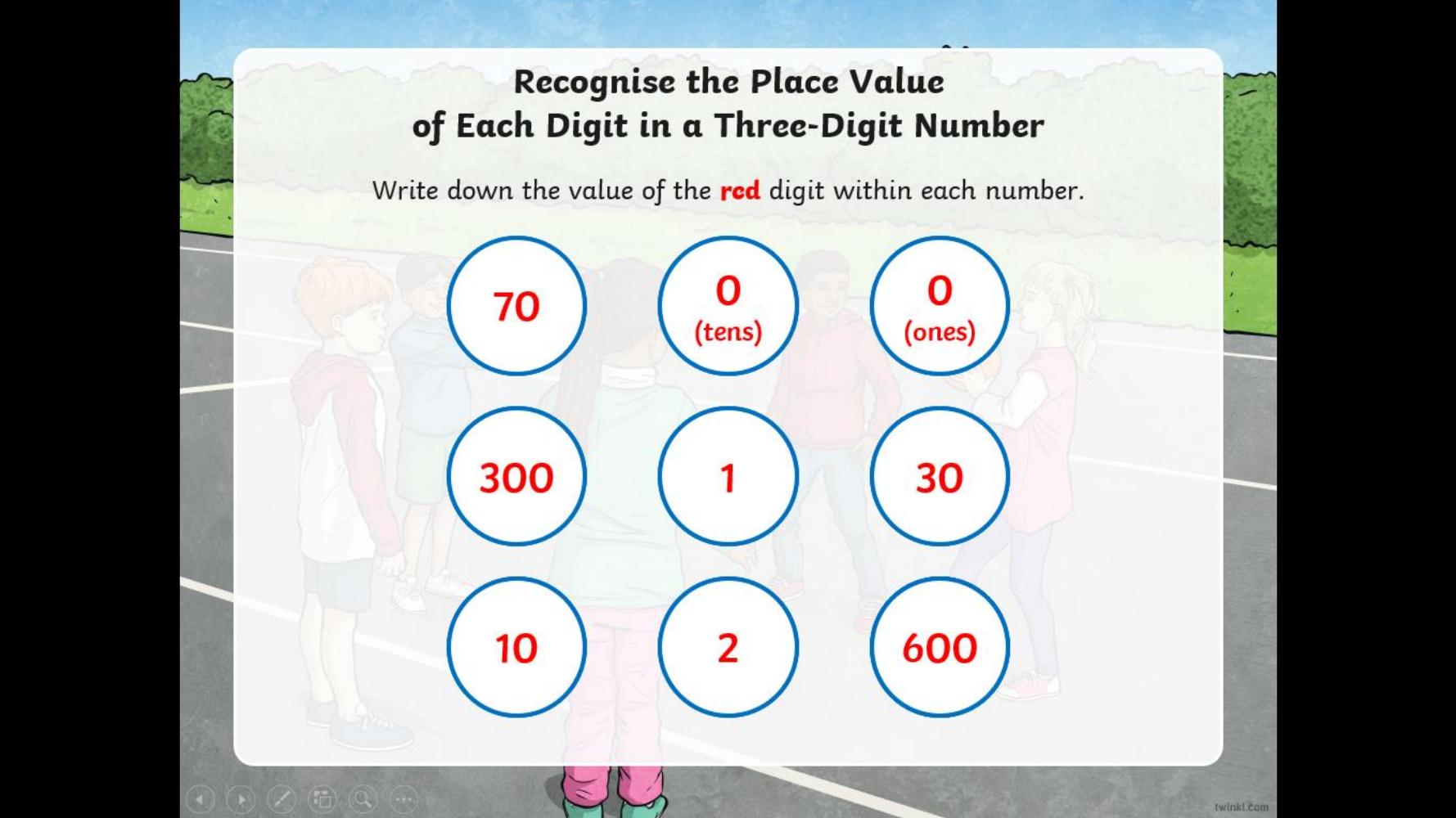
78	101	200
380	591	732
111	902	640

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# Lesson 3

## Warm-up

### Answers



**Recognise the Place Value of Each Digit in a Three-Digit Number**

Write down the value of the **red** digit within each number.

70	0 (tens)	0 (ones)
300	1	30
10	2	600

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# Lesson 3

## Learning

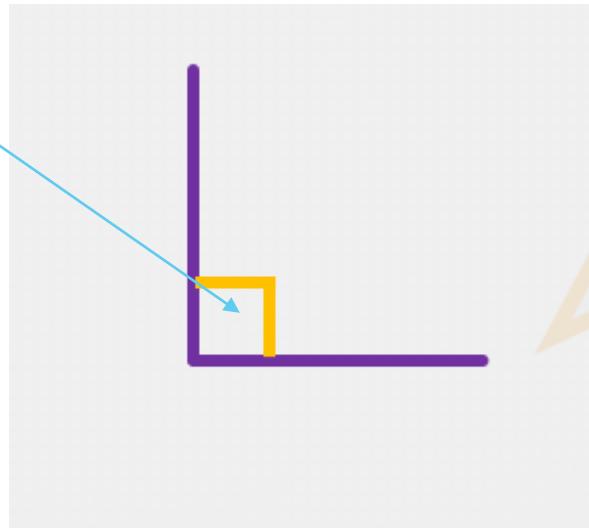
### Key Skills:

I can identify right angles in shapes.

I understand the words **acute** and **obtuse**.

### Remember

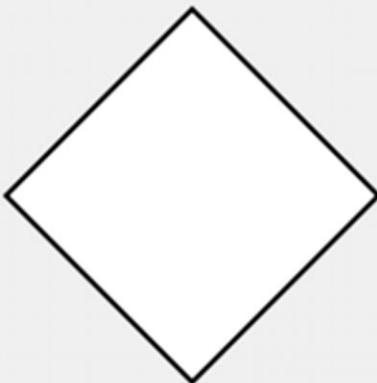
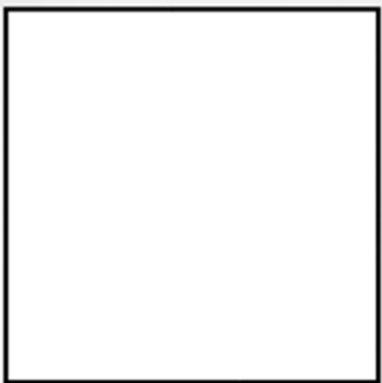
The two lines that form a quarter turn,  
create a **right angle**. This is  $90^\circ$ .



# Lesson 3

## Learning

**Tick any shapes that contain right angles.**

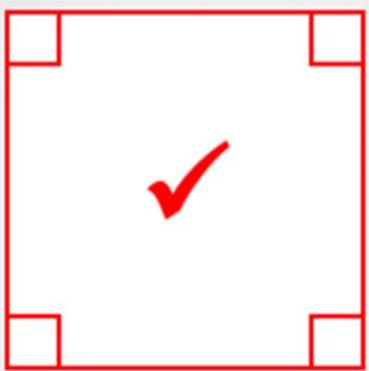


# Lesson 3

## Learning

### Answers

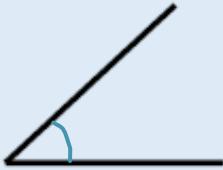
Tick any shapes that contain right angles.



# Lesson 3

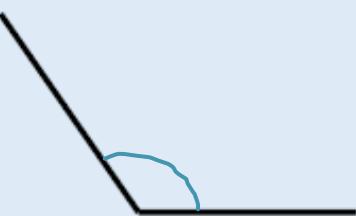
## Learning

An angle which is less than a right angle is called an acute angle.



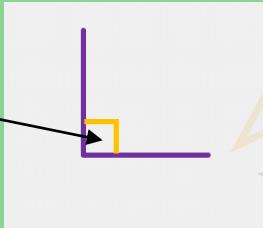
= acute angle

An angle which is greater than a right angle is called an obtuse angle.



= obtuse angle

Right angle



\*Remember, an angle is formed where two straight lines meet.

# Lesson 3

## Learning

**Label each of these angles as either obtuse, acute or right angle.**



# Lesson 3

## Learning

### Answers

Label each of these angles as either obtuse, acute or right angle.



obtuse



right angle



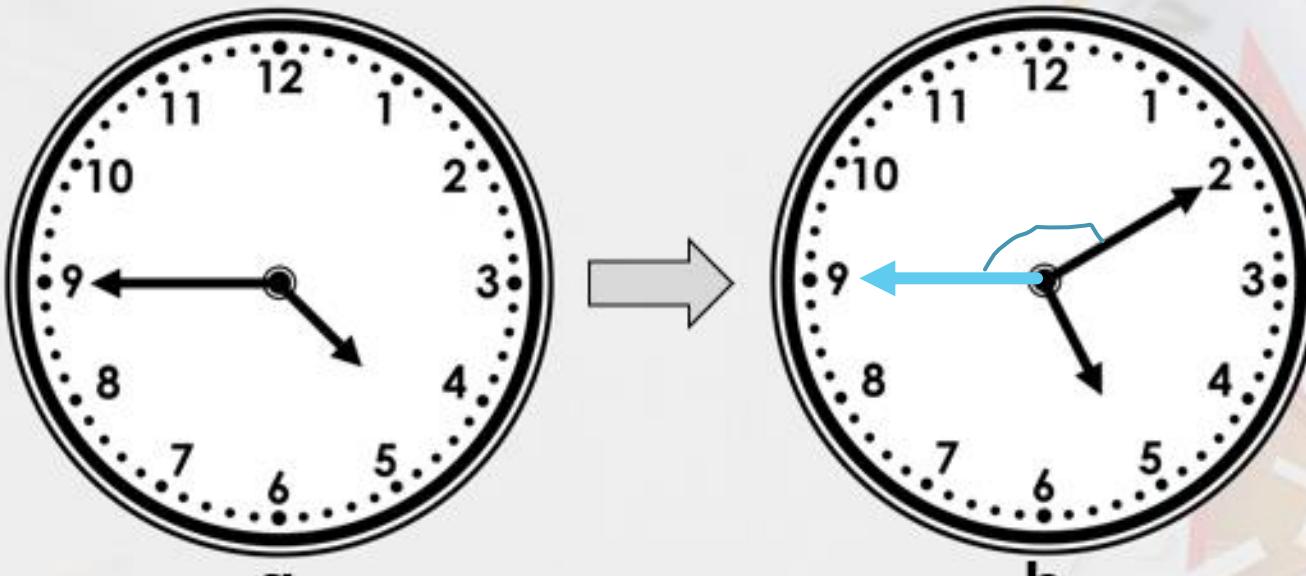
acute

# Lesson 3

## Learning

Varied Fluency 4

Has the minute hand moved through an acute or obtuse angle to get from a to b?



Has the minute hand moved through an acute or obtuse angle to get from a to b?

# Lesson 3

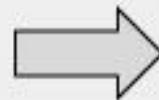
## Learning

### Answer

Varied Fluency 4

Has the minute hand moved through an acute or obtuse angle to get from a to b?

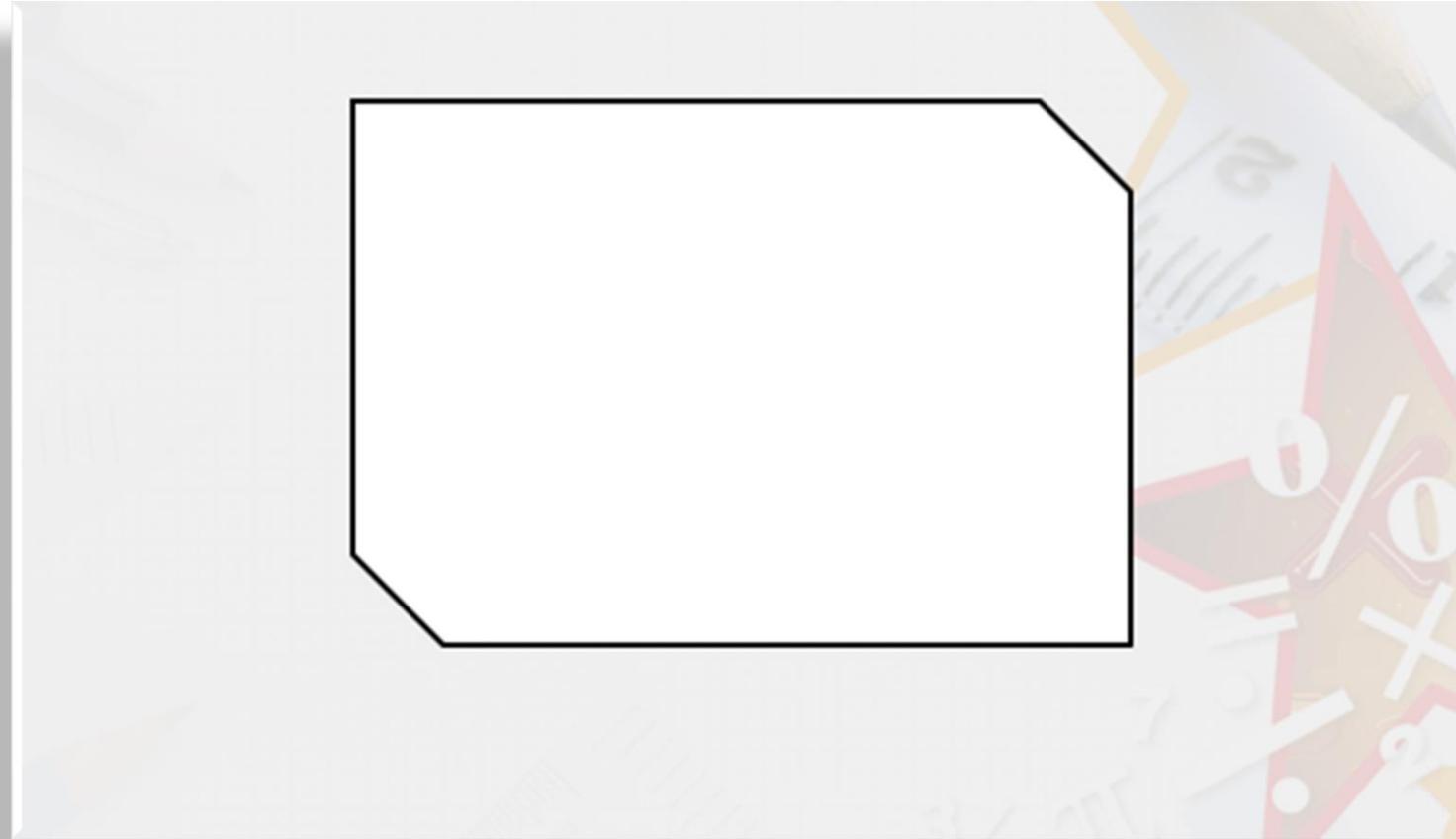
Obtuse



# Lesson 3

## Learning

Identify all of the angles in this shape (irregular hexagon).  
Acute, obtuse or right-angle.

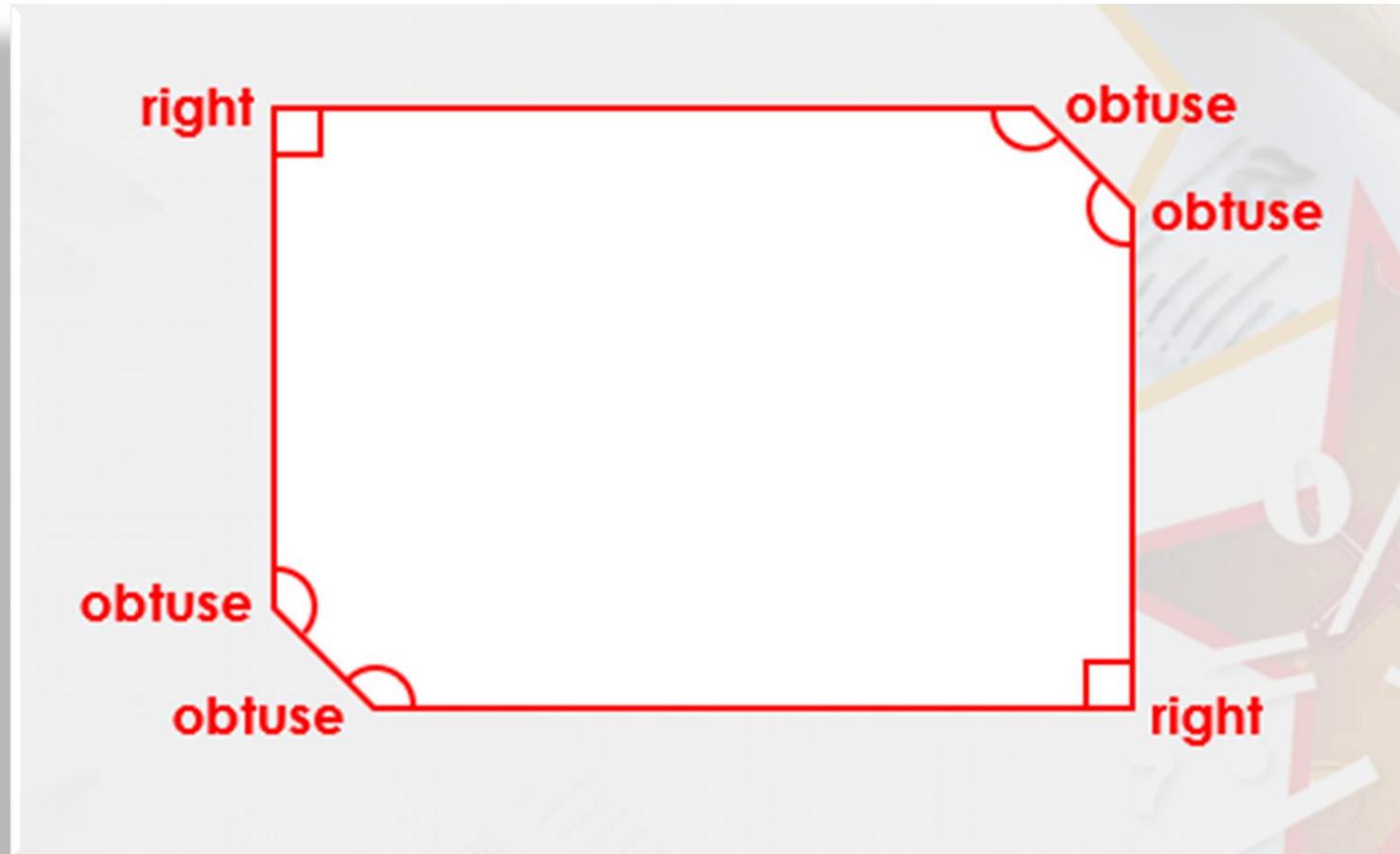


# Lesson 3

## Learning

### Answers

Identify all of the angles in this shape (irregular hexagon).  
Acute, obtuse or right-angle.

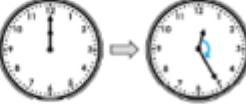


# Lesson 3

1. Write the answers in your book.

Angle	Bigger or smaller than a right angle?	Type of angle
		
		
		
		

2) Is the angle between the hands of the second clock acute or obtuse?



3) Is Jason correct? How do you know?



Jason says:

 It has 4 angles that are quite big, so they must be obtuse.

1) Label the following angles as either acute, obtuse or right-angled. Write the answers in your book.



2) What angle is shown on the clocks?



3) Who is correct? Explain your reasoning.

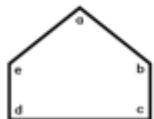


Max and Emmy say:

 It has a corner cut out so it only has 3 angles left.

 It has three right angles.

4) Write down the names of the angles in your book.



For worksheets see file named:  
**Lesson 3 worksheets.**

You can choose clouds, moons or stars.

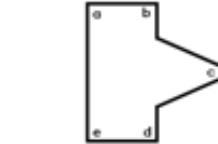
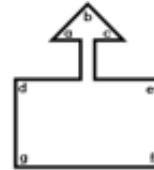
1) Label the following angles. Write the answers in your book.



2) Is the angle between the hour and minute hands on these clocks acute, obtuse or right angled?



3) Label the angles in this shape.



4. Label the angles in this shape.

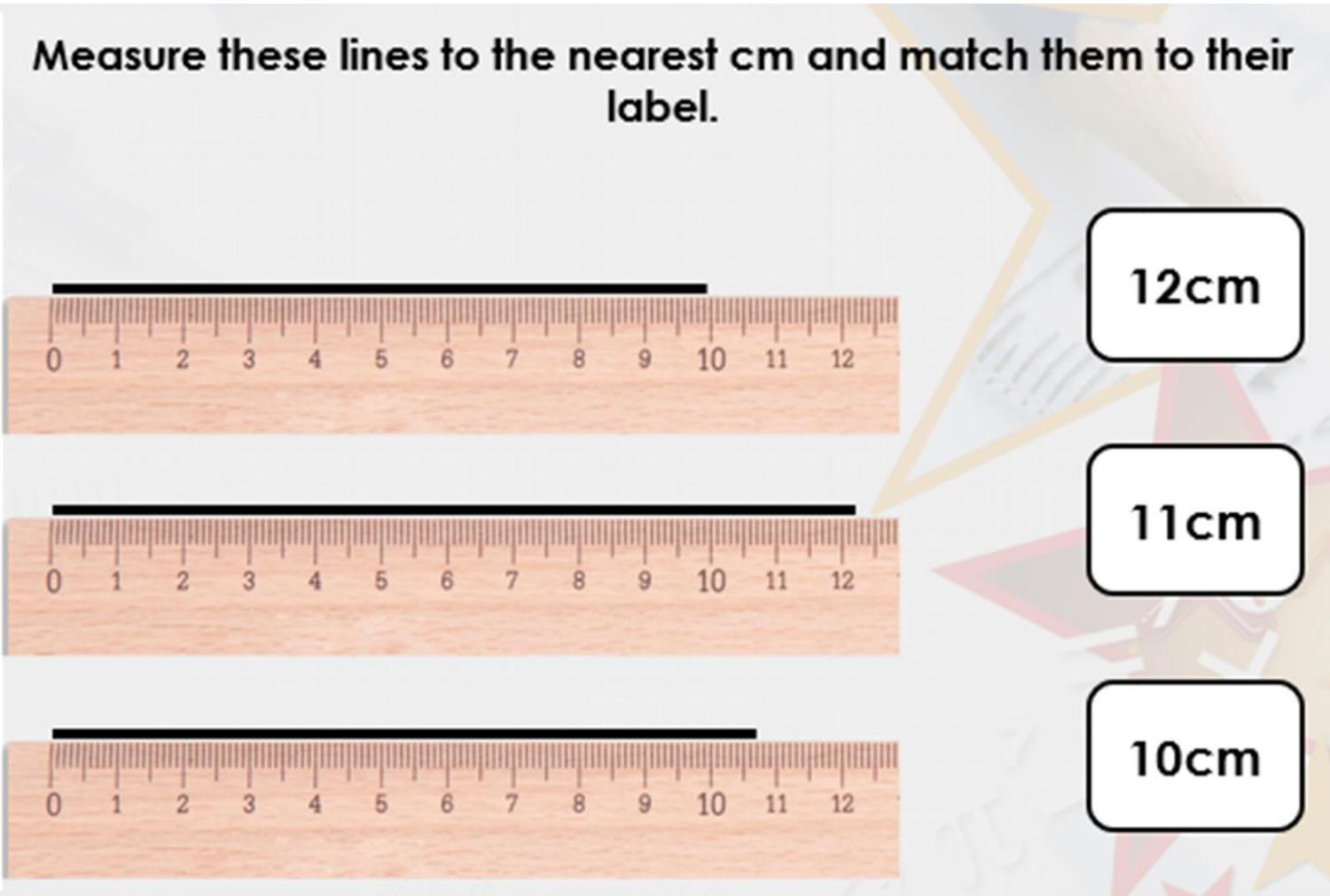


Please see  
**'Lesson 3 Answer Sheet'** for the  
answers.

# Lesson 4

## Warm-up

**Measure these lines to the nearest cm and match them to their label.**



12cm

11cm

10cm

# Lesson 4

## Warm-up

### Answers

**Measure these lines to the nearest cm and match them to their label.**

12cm

11cm

10cm

# Lesson 4

## Learning

### Key Skills:

I can find vertical and horizontal lines in a range of contexts.

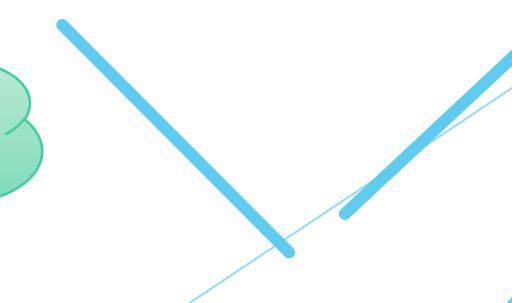


A line that runs from left to right across a page is called a horizontal line.

A line that runs from the top to the bottom of a page is called a vertical line.

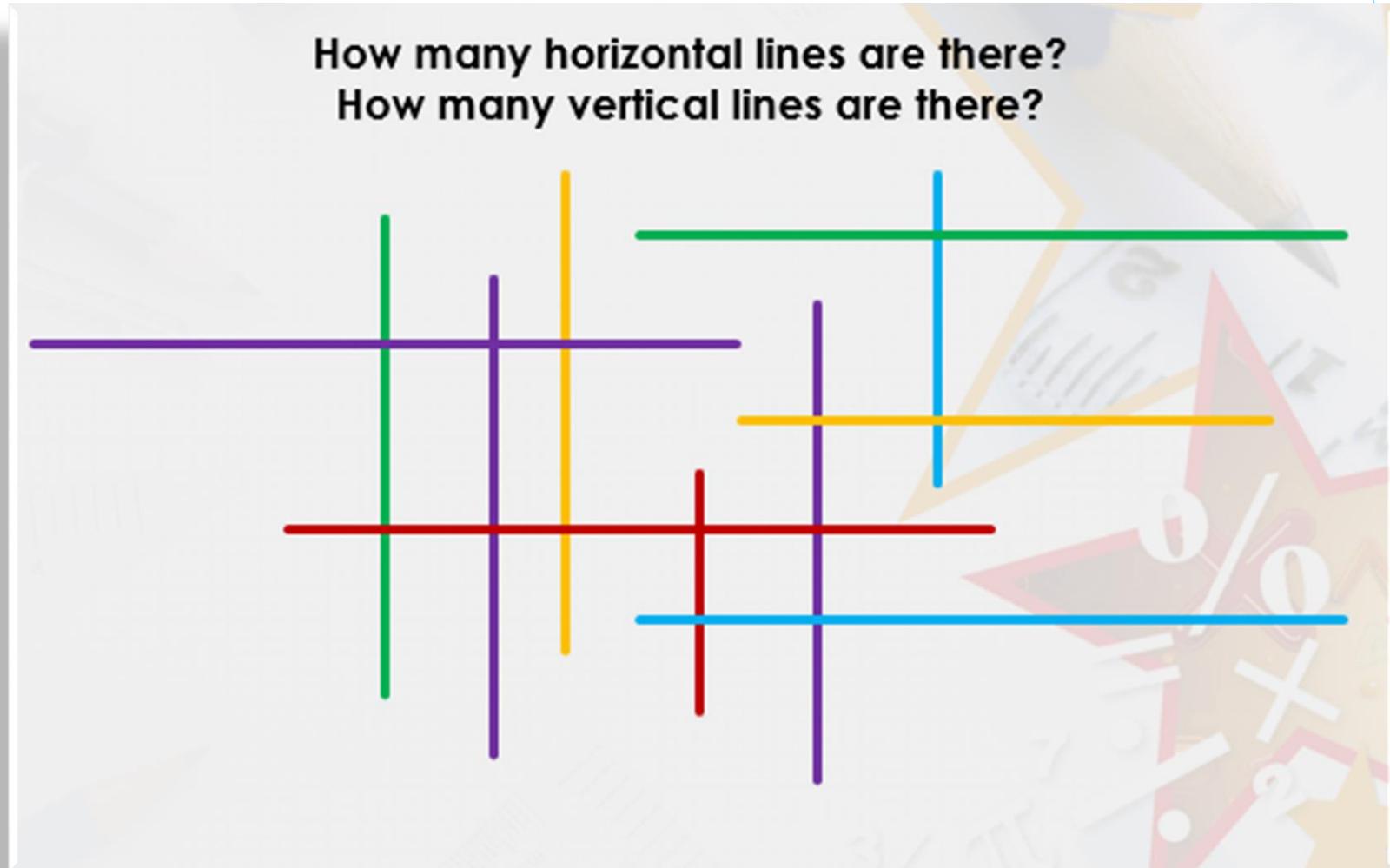


These are  
diagonal lines.



# Lesson 4

## Learning



## Lesson 4

## Learning

### Answers

How many horizontal lines are there?  
How many vertical lines are there?



5 horizontal

# Lesson 4

## Learning

### Answers

How many horizontal lines are there?  
How many vertical lines are there?



6 vertical

# Lesson 4

## Learning

Ruby is looking for horizontal and vertical lines. The time is now:



In 10 minutes, one hand will be horizontal and one hand will be vertical.



Is she correct? Explain how you know.

# Lesson 4

## Learning

### Answers

Ruby is looking for horizontal and vertical lines. The time is now:



In 10 minutes, one hand will be horizontal and one hand will be vertical.



Is she correct? Explain how you know.

Ruby is correct because at 3 o'clock the hour hand will be pointing to 3 so it will be horizontal and the minute hand will be pointing at 12 so it will be vertical.

## Lesson 4

## Learning

Anna and her friends are writing their names in capital letters.

Which friend has more vertical lines in the letters of their name than Anna?



**ANNA**



**BILL**



**TANYA**



**KYLIE**

# Lesson 4

## Learning

### Answers

#### Problem Solving 1

Anna and her friends are writing their names in capital letters.

Which friend has more vertical lines in the letters of their name than Anna?



**ANNA<sup>4</sup>**



**BILL<sup>4</sup>**



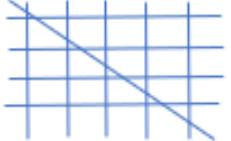
**TANYA<sup>4</sup>**



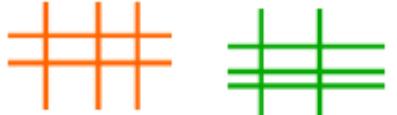
**KYLIE<sup>5</sup>**

# Lesson 4

1) How many horizontal lines can you see?  
How many vertical lines can you see?



2) Which of the following coloured pictures has the most horizontal lines?



3) What number does the minute hand point to make a vertical line?



5) Which friend has the most vertical lines in their name?



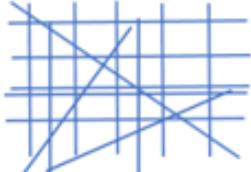
AL



SAM



1) How many horizontal lines can you see?  
How many vertical lines can you see?



2) Which of the following coloured pictures has the most horizontal lines?



3) Which number on the clock must the minute hand point to make a vertical line?



5) Who has the most horizontal lines in their name?



LARA



FAZL



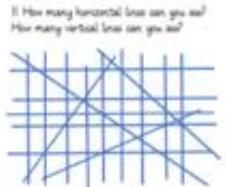
OWEN



MOLLY

For worksheets see file named:  
**Lesson 4 worksheets.**

You can choose clouds, moons or stars.



1) How many horizontal lines can you see?  
How many vertical lines can you see?



2) Which of the following coloured pictures has the most horizontal lines?



3) How many minutes away is the minute hand from being horizontal?



4) Ellis has written his name in capital letters. How many vertical lines are in his name? Can you write a name with more vertical lines than Ellis?



ELLIS

Please see  
**'Lesson 4 Answer Sheet'** for the  
answers.

## Lesson 5

Today we are going to take a break from fractions and concentrate on our mental maths skills. On the next few pages you will find a PALs test, a mental maths test, and the answers. Don't forget to use TTrockstars and check the Year 3 blog to see if your name appears.

Name:

916  
— | —

$615 - 10 =$

$615 + 100 =$

PAL 3:1  
Challenge  
Week 12



$140 - 80 =$

$55 + 43 =$

$73 + 54 =$

$81 + \square = 100$

$86 - 44 =$



$80 \div 10 =$

$22 \div 2 =$

Double 49

$3 \times \square = 3$

$36 \div 3 =$

My score

—  
12

# Answers

Name:

$$\begin{array}{r} 916 \\ \swarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \searrow \\ 900 \quad 10 \quad 6 \end{array}$$

$$615 - 10 = 605$$

$$615 + 100 = 715$$

PAL 3:1  
Challenge  
Week 12



$$140 - 80 = 60$$

$$55 + 43 = 98$$

$$73 + 54 = 127$$

$$81 + \boxed{19} = 100$$

$$86 - 44 = 42$$



$$\begin{aligned} 80 \div 10 &= 8 \\ 22 \div 2 &= 11 \end{aligned}$$

Double 49  
98

$$3 \times \boxed{1} = 3$$

$$36 \div 3 = 12$$

My score  
—  
12

# Additional Resources

<https://www.topmarks.co.uk/mathsgames/hit-the-button>

<https://www.topmarks.co.uk/mathsgames/daily10>

- Choose level 2
- Then multiplication or division

<https://www.topmarks.co.uk/Search.aspx?q=year%203>

- Select Maths
- Then select Key Stage 2
- Choose a game or skill of you choice.

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/tags/zmyxxyc/year-3-and-p4-lessons>



Well done everyone! Thank you for continuing to work so hard. Remember to photograph a piece of your work and email it to your teacher. Stay safe and we'll see you soon!